

**Duty Hours**  
**Virginia Commonwealth University Health System**  
**Pharmacy Residency Programs**

**Description**

Duty hours are defined as all scheduled clinical and academic activities related to the pharmacy residency program. This includes inpatient and outpatient care; in-house call; administrative duties; and scheduled and assigned activities, such as conferences, committee meetings, and health fairs that are required to meet the goals and objectives of the residency program. Duty hours do not include: reading, studying, and academic preparation time for presentations and journal clubs; travel time to and from conferences; and hours that are not scheduled by the residency program director or a preceptor.

Scheduled duty periods are assigned duties, regardless of setting, that are required to meet the educational goals and objectives of the residency program. These duty periods are usually assigned by the residency program director or preceptor and may encompass hours which may be within the normal work day, beyond the normal work day, or a combination of both.

Continuous duty represents assigned duty periods without breaks for strategic napping or resting to reduce fatigue or sleep deprivation.

Strategic naps are short sleep periods, taken as a component of fatigue management, which can mitigate the adverse effects of sleep loss.

**Procedures**

Residents, program directors, and preceptors have the professional responsibility to ensure they are fit to provide services that promote patient safety. The residency program director (RPD) must ensure that there is not excessive reliance on residents to fulfill service obligations that do not contribute to the educational value of the residency program or that may compromise their fitness for duty and endanger patient safety. Providing residents with a sound training program must be planned, scheduled and balanced with concerns for patients' safety and residents' well-being. Duty hours must be addressed by a well-documented, structured process. Therefore, programs must comply with the following duty-hour requirements:

Duty-Hours of Work per Week and Duty-Free Times

1. Duty hours must be limited to 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in-house call activities and all moonlighting.
2. Mandatory time free of duty-residents must have a minimum of one day in seven days free of duty (when averaged over four weeks). At-home call cannot be assigned on these free days.
3. Residents should have 10 hours free of duty between scheduled duties, and must have at a minimum 8 hours between scheduled duty periods.
4. Continuous duty periods of residents should not exceed 16 hours. The maximum allowable duty assignment must not exceed 24 hours even with built in strategic napping or other strategies to reduce fatigue and sleep deprivation, with an additional period of up to two hours permitted for transitions of care or educational activities.

Duty-Hours for In-House Call Programs

1. Residents must not be scheduled for in-house call more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period).



2. If a program has a 24-hour in-house call program, residents must have at least 14 hours free of duty after the 24 hours of in-house duty.
3. Programs that have in-house call programs with continuous duty hours beyond 16 hours and up to 24 hours must have a well-documented structured process to oversee these programs to ensure patients' safety and residents' well-being, and to provide a supportive, educational environment.
  - a. The well-documented, structured process must include at a minimum:
    - i. How the program will support strategic napping or other strategies for fatigue and sleep deprivation management for continuous duty beyond 16 hours.
    - ii. A plan for monitoring and resolving issues that may arise with residents' performance due to sleep deprivation or fatigue to ensure patient care and learning are not affected negatively.

#### General Personal and Professional Responsibility for Patient Safety

1. RPDs must educate residents and preceptors about their professional responsibilities to be appropriately rested and fit for duty to provide services required by patients.
2. RPDs must educate residents and preceptors to recognize signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, and adopt processes to manage negative effects of fatigue and sleep deprivation to ensure safe patient care and successful learning.
3. Residents and preceptors must accept personal and professional responsibility for patient care that supersedes self-interest. At times, it may be in the best interest of patients to transition care to another qualified, rested provider.
4. If the program implements any type of on-call program, there must be a written description that includes:
  - a. The level of supervision a resident will be provided based on the level of training and competency of the resident and the learning experiences expected during the on-call period; and,
  - b. Identification of a backup system if the resident needs assistance to complete the responsibilities required of the on-call program.
5. The RPD must ensure that residents participate in structured handoff processes when they complete their duty hours to facilitate information exchange to maintain continuity-of-care and patient safety.

#### Duty Hour and Moonlighting Reporting Requirements

Duty-hours and extramural professional activities-moonlighting must be addressed by a well-documented, structured process. Residency program coordinators RPDs and preceptors must have a mechanism for evaluating residents' overall performance or residents' judgment while on scheduled duty periods and following moonlighting activities that may affect their ability to achieve the educational goals and objectives of their residency program and provide safe patient care. Duty hour reporting requirements include:

1. Residents are required to log all duty hours' activities within the electronic time registry system and are accountable for totaling and tracking all hours.
2. Residents are required to sign in upon arrival to work and sign out upon departure from work daily.
3. Residents must manually log duty hours occurring off site.
4. Residents must log the start and end of all duty periods.
5. If a resident goes over an 80 hour work week then he/she must immediately report this occurrence to the RPD and corrective action taken.

